A new standard of sustainable uranium mining rises from the depths of the uranium down-turn

GLOBAL 2022 Conference – July 7, 2022

Powering PEOPLE, PARTNERSHIPS AND PASSION.

enison Mines Uranium Development & Exploration

The Athabasca Basin, Northern Saskatchewan

Cautionary Statements & References



This presentation and the information contained herein is designed to help you understand management's current views, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. This presentation contains information relating to the uranium market, third party and provincial infrastructure, and the plans and availability thereof, derived from third-party publications and reports which Denison believes are reliable but have not been independently verified by the Company.

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Cautionary Note to United States Investors Concerning Estimates of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves: This presentation may use terms such as "measured", "indicated" and/or "inferred" mineral resources and "proven" or "probable" mineral reserves, which are terms defined with reference to the guidelines set out in the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves ("CIM Standards"). The Company's descriptions of its projects may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Qualified Persons

The disclosure of a scientific or technical nature within this presentation, including the disclosure of mineral resources, mineral reserves, as well as the results of the Wheeler PFS and Waterbury PEA, was reviewed and approved by David Bronkhorst, P.Eng. and Andy Yackulic, P.Geo, each of whom is a Qualified Person in accordance with the requirements of NI 43-101.

Technical Reports

- For further details regarding the Wheeler River project, please refer to the Company's press release dated September 24, 2018 and the technical report titled "Prefeasibility Study for the Wheeler River Uranium Project, Saskatchewan, Canada" with an effective date of September 24, 2018 ("Wheeler PFS").
- For further details regarding the Waterbury Lake project, please refer to the Company's press release dated November 17, 2020 and the technical report *titled "Preliminary Economic Assessment for the The Heldeth Túé (J Zone) Deposit,* Waterbury Lake Property, Northern Saskatchewan, Canada" with an effective date of October 30, 2020 ("Waterbury PEA"). The PEA is a preliminary analysis of the potential viability of the Project's mineral resources, and should not be considered the same as a Pre-Feasibility or Feasibility Study, as various factors are preliminary in nature. There is no certainty that the results from the PEA will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Scheduled tonnes and grade do not represent an estimate of mineral reserves.

For a description of the data verification, assay procedures and the quality assurance program and quality control measures applied by Denison, please see Denison's Annual Information Form dated March 25, 2022. A copy of the foregoing is available on Denison's website and under its profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.

Summarized History of the Wheeler River Project⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾: Approaching two decades of investment and management by Denison

Spot Price⁽²⁾

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PHOTOS (Left to Right):

Drill rig carrying out exploration at the Wheeler River site in the mid 2000s; Core logging from discovery of Phoenix; Drill core and handheld scintillometer from discovery of Gryphon; monitoring of commercial scale ISR test wells at Phoenix in 2021.

NOTES:

US\$50/lb U₃O₈

(1) See Denison's current Annual Information Form for additional details regarding the history of the Wheeler River project.

(2) The source for uranium price data included on this slide is UxC LLC.

2004-2007

US\$15/lb U₃O₈

Denison earns 60% ownership interest and becomes project operator

2008-2014

US\$135/lb U₃O₈

Phoenix is discovered by testing resistivity anomaly drill targets Deposit is delineated

2014-2016

Gryphon is discovered

Long Term Price (2)

Project PEA is completed in 2016

2016-2022

US\$18/lb U₃O₈

Project PFS is completed in 2018, including selection of the ISR mining method for Phoenix

Denison increases ownership to 90% (and subsequently to 95%)

Initiation of permitting and commencement of systematic technical de-risking

Wheeler River PFS:

Robust economics supported by conservative uranium price assumptions



NOTES:

(1) Refer to the Wheeler River Technical Report titled "Pre-feasibility Study Report for the Wheeler River Uranium Project, Saskatchewan, Canada" dated September 24, 2018.

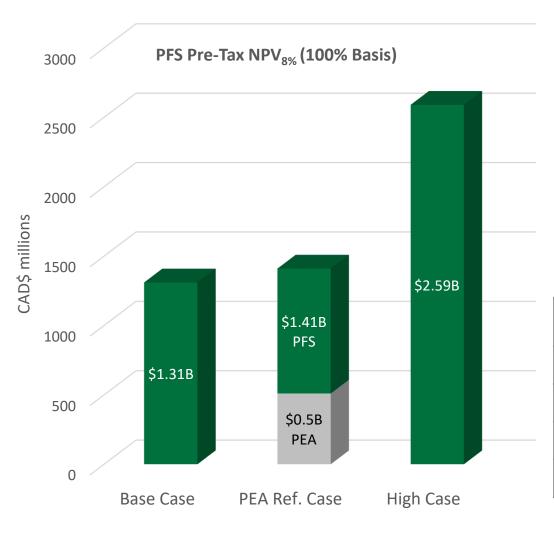
(2) NPV and IRR are calculated to the start of pre-production activities for the applicable operation.

(3) Payback period is stated as number of years to pay-back from the start of commercial production.

(4) Post-tax NPV attributable to Denison's then pro-forma 90% interest is estimated to be between \$756 million (base-case) and \$1.5 billion (\$65/lb high-case).

(5) Post-tax IRR attributable to Denison's then pro-forma 90% interest is estimated to be between 32.7% (basecase) and 55.7% (\$65/lb high-case).

(6) 2016 PEA produced pre-tax project NPV(8%) of \$513 million at fixed uranium selling price of US\$44/lb U₃O₈.



Phoenix

~US\$29/ Ib U_3O_8 increasing to US\$45/Ib U_3O_8 used in Base Case

+175% increase in pre-tax project NPV from 2016 PEA⁽⁶⁾ (using PEA selling price of US\$44/lb U₃O₈)

Gryphon

US\$50/ Ib U₃O₈

fixed price used

in Base Case

Assumptions / Results ⁽¹⁾	Base Case	PEA Ref.	High Case
Selling price / lb U ₃ O ₈	As above	US\$44	US\$65
Pre-tax NPV _{8%} ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ (100%)	\$1.31 billion	\$1.41 billion	\$2.59 billion
Pre-tax IRR ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	38.7%	47.4%	67.4%
Pre-tax payback period ⁽³⁾	~24 months	~15 months	~ 11 months

Phase 1 : 57 Freeze holes Phase 2 : 41 Freeze holes Phase 3 : 54 Freeze holes Phase 4 : 52 Freeze holes Phase 5 : 118 Freeze holes

PHASE 5

5 m spaced VERTICAL FREEZE HOLES drilled from surface in phases over the life of mine, creating contained mining area surrounded by 10 m thick Freeze Wall keyed into basement rocks

PHASE 1 PHASE 2

Freeze Wall

PHASE 3

PHASE 4

Please refer to the Company's press release dated December 1, 2020 regarding the adoption of the freeze wall design for ISR at Phoenix. This represents a design change from the freeze containment presented in the 2018 Prefeasibility Study for the Wheeler River project.

Advantages of ISR uranium mining in Canada:

Potential to set superior standards for environmental protection, occupational health and safety, and sustainability

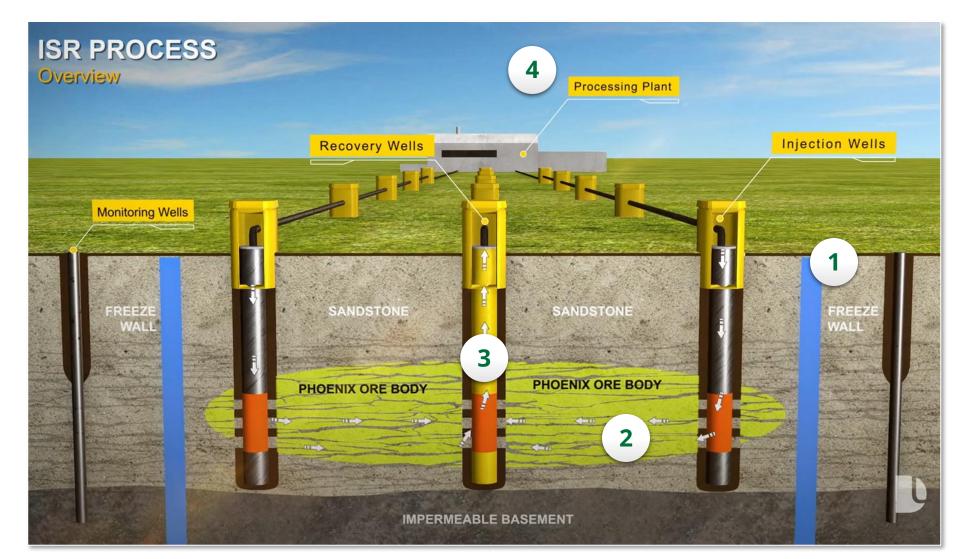


- ✓ Small surface footprint
- ✓ No tailings production
- ✓ Enhanced site reclamation
- ✓ Lower water consumption
- ✓ Lower energy consumption
- ✓ Lower CO₂ emissions
- ✓ Small volume treated effluent released to surface water bodies
- ✓ Potential for lower radiation doses to workers
- Very small volumes of clean waste rock (sandstone core from wellfield development)



Phoenix ISR De-Risking: First principles of successful ISR mining in the Athabasca Basin





- **1. Containment:** ability to contain the mining solution injected into the formation
- 2. Permeability: ability to establish hydraulic connections between injection and recovery wells to move the mining solution throughout the deposit
- **3. Leachability:** ability to complete leaching of the uranium mineralization while it is in the ground (in-situ);
- **4. Processing:** ability to recover a suitable finished product from the uranium bearing solution recovered from the wellfield.

Phoenix ISR De-Risking:

2019 and 2020 ISR field test programs⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾





~35	Two
small- diameter wells	large- diameter commercial- scale wells
installed into and around the Phoenix deposit All holes generally equipped with a	First installed in the history of the Athabasca Basin
alayyaa la alla	
down-hole pressure	Containment:
pressure transducer or vibrating wire piezometer ('VWP') to	Containment: Tests show minimal vertical travel of injected fluids
pressure transducer or vibrating wire piezometer	Tests show minimal vertical travel of injected

~40 **Pump and** injection tests

> completed to collect extensive data for development of hydrogeologic

Permeability:

model

Hydrogeologic model build and calibrated by third-party

Achieved ISR "Proof of Concept"⁽²⁾

PHOTOS:

ISR field testing at Wheeler River Phoenix Deposit, Summer 2019.

Inset photo shows close up view of downhole pressure transducer.

NOTES:

(1) See Denison's news release dated Dec.18, 2019.

(2) See Denison's news release dated June 4, 2020.

(3) See Denison's news release dated Oct. 28, 2020.

(4) See Denison's news release dated Dec. 1, 2020.

Phoenix ISR De-Risking:

2021 commercial-scale test pattern and tracer test⁽¹⁾





5-spot largediameter commercial scale test pattern

installed in expected Phoenix mining Phase 1 Tracer Test

First known completed ion tracer test for ISR mining in the history of the Athabasca Basin Permeability Enhancement Tools Tested

On a larger-scale than previous tests, verifying increased hydraulic connection where needed

Highlights of highly successful tracer test:

- ✓ Achieved commercial-scale production flow rates
- ✓ Demonstrated hydraulic control of injected solution
- ✓ Established breakthrough times consistent with hydrogeological modelling
- ✓ Completed 'clean-up' phase consistent with hydrogeological modelling

PHOTOS:

ISR test pattern and commercial scale wellhead (inset) at Phoenix during field tests / tracer test completed in 2021.

LINKS:

2021 ISR Field Test Video

NOTES:

(1) See Denison's news release dated Oct. 28, 2021

Phoenix ISR De-Risking:

Validating in-situ leachability through specialized metallurgical testing





Core Leach Testing

Saskatchewan Research Council ('SRC') uses a specialized 'core leach' machine to simulate in-situ leach conditions by forcing the leach solution through the natural permeability of multiple representative in-tact core samples

50% increase in ISR mining head grade⁽¹⁾

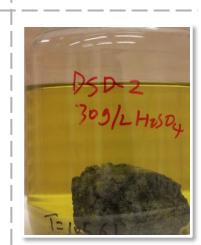
Core leach test results support decision in 2021 to increase the mining head grade assumed in the 2018 PFS

Hydrometallurgical test work

Progressing to support water effluent quality for ongoing environmental assessment.

Plant design advancing

Metallurgical testing using roughly 1000L of uranium bearing solution to support benchscale evaluations for plant design is well advanced



PHOTOS:

Specialized 'Core Leach" apparatus at the SRC labs in Saskatoon.

Inset photo shows 9" sample of in-tact highgrade drill core from Phoenix prior to insertion into the testing apparatus.

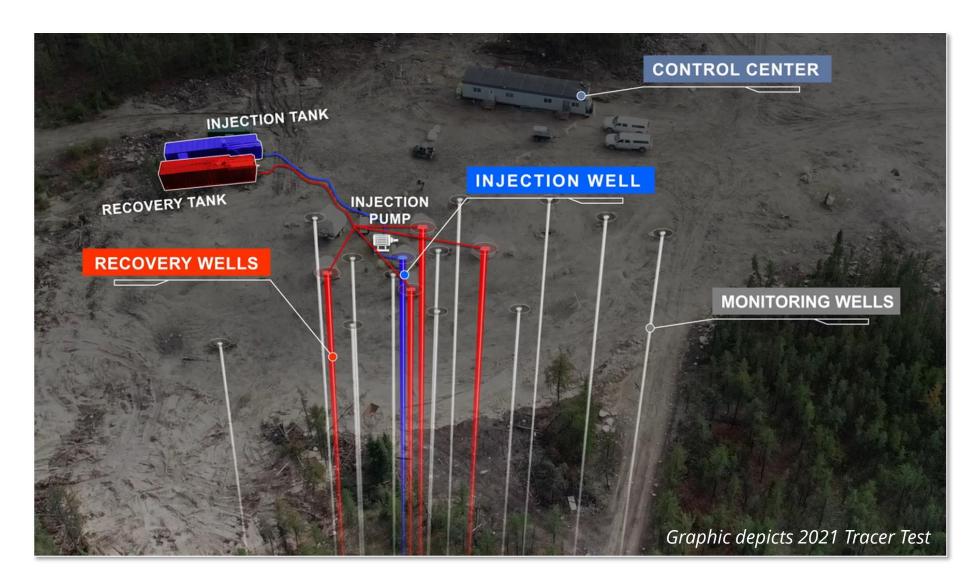
Bottom right, shows static leaching of uranium from undisturbed core sample.

NOTES:

(1) See Denison's news release dated August, 4, 2021.

Phoenix ISR De-Risking: Planned 2022 field feasibility test ('FFT')



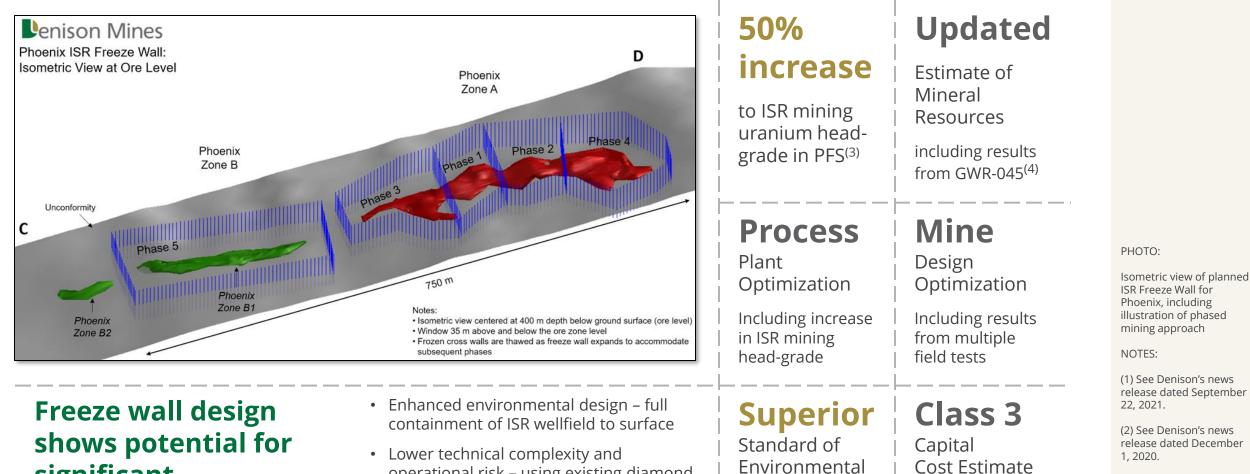


- FFT is planned for the second half of 2022 – more details to come
- Expected to represent final confirmation of the technical feasibility of the ISR mining method at Phoenix
- Designed to make use of the existing commercial scale test pattern installed in 2021
- Expected to involve a controlled injection of lixiviant into an area of the test pattern and the recovery of mineralized solution

Phoenix ISR Feasibility Study:

Wood PLC selected to lead + author independent Feasibility Study in accordance with NI 43-101⁽¹⁾





Stewardship

Incorporating

and feedback

from ongoing EA

technical work

AACE

international

accuracy of

-15%/+25%

standard with an

significant advantages⁽²⁾

Conventional freeze "wall" design selected to replace novel freeze dome / cap design in 2018 PFS

- operational risk using existing diamond drilling methods
- Expected reduction in initial capital costs with introduction of phased mining approach
- Strengthened project sustainability

1	2		

(3) See Denison's news

release dated August 4,

(4) See Denison's news

release dated July 29,

2021.

2021.

Multiple Denison projects under evaluation for potential amenability of ISR mining⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾



